A Child is a Child



AANHPI* Children's Health

*Asian American, Native Hawaiian & Pacific Islander

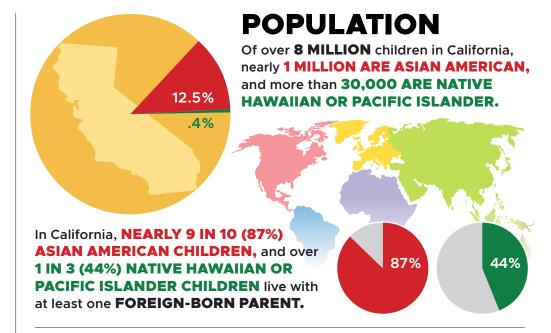
We know that when children are healthy, they are more likely to succeed in school and in life. That's why The Children's Partnership works to level the playing field so that children from historically marginalized communities have the resources and opportunities they need to thrive.

This infographic, the second in a series, provides an overview of key child health facts in California and nationally to inform the work ahead. Now more than ever, we must work together to make California the best state to raise healthy, thriving children.



MASKED HEALTH INEQUITIES

An accurate picture of the health of AANHPI children in California is impossible without accurate and detailed data that is disaggregated by racial and ethnic subgroups. Health inequities that exist within the AANHPI community are understudied and overlooked at least in part because much of the data on this ethnically diverse population are aggregated, leading to a masking of differences and hidden health disparities between racial subgroups.



POVERTY

Just over 9% OR NEARLY
95,000 ASIAN AMERICAN
CHILDREN experience poverty.
1 IN 5 NATIVE HAWAIIAN
OR PACIFIC ISLANDER
CHILDREN experience poverty
compared to 1 IN 6 OF ALL
CHILDREN IN CALIFORNIA.





MORE THAN

25,000

Asian American children,
AND

775

Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander children remain

UNINSURED.



of AANHPI children in California DO NOT HAVE A USUAL SOURCE OF CARE.

use an EMERGENCY
ROOM, HOSPITAL, CLINIC
OR URGENT CARE as the
usual source of care.



of low-income AANHPI preschoolers had **EARLY TOOTH DECAY.** It is one of the highest rates among all racial groups in California.

FOOD INSECURITY

is more prevalent among foreign-born and non-English speaking AAPI households than AAPI families born in the US—including Chinese, Filipino, South Asian, Japanese and Vietnamese subgroups.



6% of AANHPI

households in California participate in





MENTAL HEALTH

1 in 4

Asian American children and OVER

1 in 3

Native Hawaiian or Pacific Islander children in California report feeling **DEPRESSED.**

Self-reported rates of **DEPRESSION** among Native Hawaiian/ Pacific Islander students in California are **1.5X GREATER** that of white students (41% compared to 27%).



LANGUAGE ACCESS

For AANHPI communities, translated materials and interpretation services

are insufficient when accessing critical resources like health care. Of the top 10 most common languages spoken at home by English Learners in California schools, 7 are **ASIAN LANGUAGES.** Over **100,000 STUDENTS** in CA public schools speak either: Mandarin, Vietnamese, Cantonese, Filipino, Hmong, Korean, OR Punjabi.



www.allinforhealth.org

www.childrenspartnership.org



Note: The Children's Partnership collected AANHPI children's data from the U.S. Census Bureau's 2018 one-year population estimates as well as from KidsData.org. The data is disaggregated between and within AANHPI communities where possible. All numbers in this fact sheet have been rounded to the nearest whole number. Citations for all data can be found at: bit.ly/AChildIsAChild